

# Andhra Pradesh RURAL

ANALYSIS BASED ON DATA FROM HOUSEHOLDS. 21 OUT OF 22 DISTRICTS  
 Data has not been presented where sample size was insufficient.

## School enrollment and out of school children

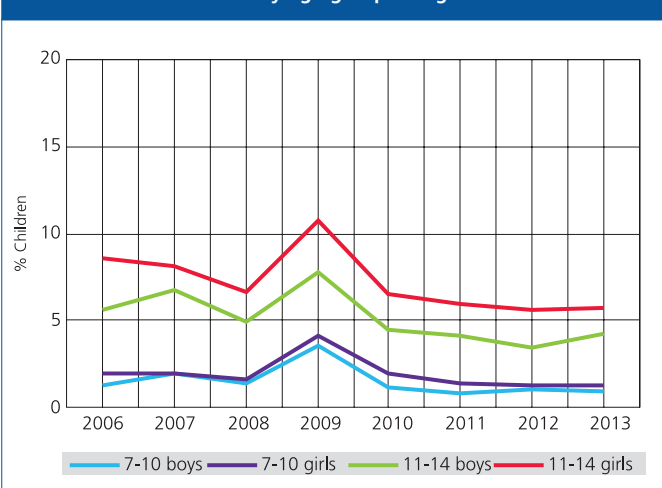
**Table 1: % Children in different types of schools 2013**

Age group	Govt.	Pvt.	Other	Not in school	Total
Age: 6-14 ALL	62.8	34.0	0.5	2.8	100
Age: 7-16 ALL	61.5	32.8	0.5	5.3	100
Age: 7-10 ALL	60.5	38.0	0.5	1.1	100
Age: 7-10 BOYS	54.8	44.0	0.3	1.0	100
Age: 7-10 GIRLS	66.0	32.1	0.6	1.3	100
Age: 11-14 ALL	66.8	27.7	0.6	4.9	100
Age: 11-14 BOYS	62.5	32.8	0.5	4.2	100
Age: 11-14 GIRLS	71.3	22.4	0.6	5.7	100
Age: 15-16 ALL	50.4	31.6	0.3	17.8	100
Age: 15-16 BOYS	49.1	35.0	0.3	15.6	100
Age: 15-16 GIRLS	51.5	28.4	0.3	19.8	100

Note: 'Other' includes children going to madarsa and EGS.  
 'Not in school' = dropped out + never enrolled.

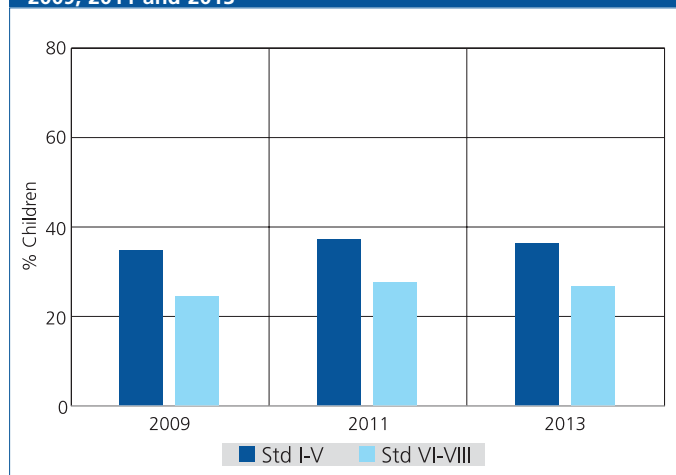
**Chart 1: Trends over time**

% Children out of school by age group and gender 2006-2013



How to read this chart: Each line shows trends in the proportion of children out of school for a particular subset of children. For example, the proportion of girls (age 11-14) not in school was 8.6% in 2006, 6.6% in 2010, 5.6% in 2012 and is 5.7% in 2013.

**Chart 2: Trends over time**  
 % Children enrolled in private schools in Std I-V and Std VI-VIII  
 2009, 2011 and 2013



**Table 2: Sample description**

% Children in each class by age 2013

Std	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	Total
I	19.4	43.6	25.3	6.7					5.0				100
II	2.0	12.7	49.9	22.6	8.7				4.1				100
III		2.0	15.6	47.9	23.0	8.2			3.4				100
IV		2.2		14.6	49.3	23.9	6.2			3.8			100
V			2.4		11.9	51.3	24.3	7.4			2.8		100
VI			1.8			12.6	46.6	28.4	8.4		2.2		100
VII				3.3			12.2	52.4	24.7	6.3	1.2		100
VIII				2.4				14.7	58.3	20.9	3.6		100

How to read this table: If a child started school in Std I at age 6, she should be of age 8 in Std III. This table shows the age distribution for each class. For example, in Std III, 47.9% children are 8 years old but there are also 15.6% who are 7, 23% who are 9, 8.2% who are 10 and 3.4% who are older.

## Young children in pre-school and school

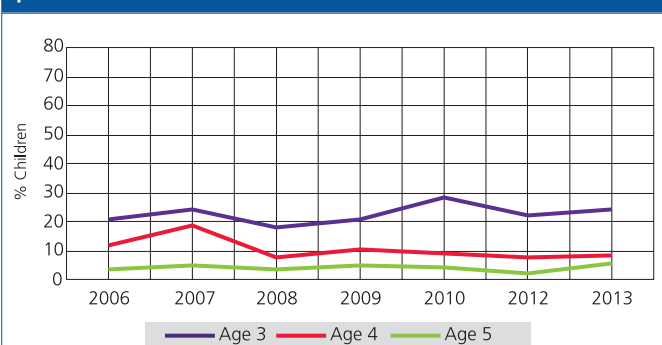
**Table 3: % Children age 3-6 who are enrolled in different types of pre-school and school 2013**

	In balwadi or anganwadi	In LKG/ UKG	In school			Not in school or pre-school	Total
			Govt.	Pvt.	Other		
Age 3	69.0	6.8				24.2	100
Age 4	58.2	33.6				8.3	100
Age 5	12.2	5.1	36.1	40.8	0.3	5.6	100
Age 6	1.8	3.0	49.2	38.4	0.0	7.5	100

Note: For 3 and 4 year old children, only pre-school status is recorded.

**Chart 3: Trends over time**

% Children age 3, 4 and 5 not enrolled in school or pre-school 2006-2013\*



\* Data for 2011 is not comparable to other years and therefore not included here.

# Andhra Pradesh RURAL

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## Reading

**Table 4: % Children by class and READING level**  
 All schools 2013

Std	Not even letter	Letter	Word	Level 1 (Std I Text)	Level 2 (Std II Text)	Total
I	36.1	30.9	24.5	5.3	3.2	100
II	11.4	27.9	35.2	15.9	9.7	100
III	4.4	13.3	30.6	28.8	23.0	100
IV	3.3	5.5	18.9	31.0	41.3	100
V	2.0	4.0	13.5	22.5	58.0	100
VI	1.0	4.4	9.5	22.7	62.4	100
VII	0.6	2.2	7.2	16.1	73.9	100
VIII	0.4	1.4	4.4	13.1	80.6	100
Total	7.7	11.5	18.5	19.7	42.7	100

How to read this table: Each cell shows the highest level in reading achieved by a child. For example, in Std III, 4.4% children cannot even read letters, 13.3% can read letters but not more, 30.6% can read words but not Std I level text or higher, 28.8% can read Std I level text but not Std II level text, and 23% can read Std II level text. For each class, the total of all these exclusive categories is 100%.

### Reading Tool

**కథ**

రాజు ఒక తోటను పెంచాలని అనుకున్నాడు. దాని కోసం ఒక తోటని కొన్నాడు. ఆ తోటలో పెంచడానికి రకరకాల పూలమొక్కలు, కూరగాయల మొక్కలు రకాలన్నీ తెచ్చాడు. ఆ మొక్కలన్నింటినీ పెరటిలో నాటాడు. రాజు మొక్కలకు రోజూ నీళ్ళు తెచ్చి పోసేవాడు. కూరగాయల మొక్కలు, పూలమొక్కలు బాగా పెరిగి పెద్దవిగా అయ్యాయి. బంతి, చామంతి, జాజి పూలు పూస్తున్నాయి. టమోటాలు, వీరకాయలు, కాకరకాయలు, ములక్కాదలు వంటి కూరగాయలు కాస్తున్నాయి. రాజు తన తోటలో పండిన కూరగాయలనే రోజూ తింటాడు. తన తోటలో పూచిన పూలను కోసుకుని వెళ్ళి రోజూ గుళ్ళో పూజకు అర్పాడు. అందుకే రాజు అంటే అందరికీ ఇష్టం.

**పేరా**

చేయి చేయి కలుపుదాం!  
 చెలిమికోడ మెలుగుదాం!  
 జాతీయ గీతం పాడుదాం!  
 జే జేలు పలుకుదాం!

**కావ్యం**

గ            త  
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**సాహిత్యం**

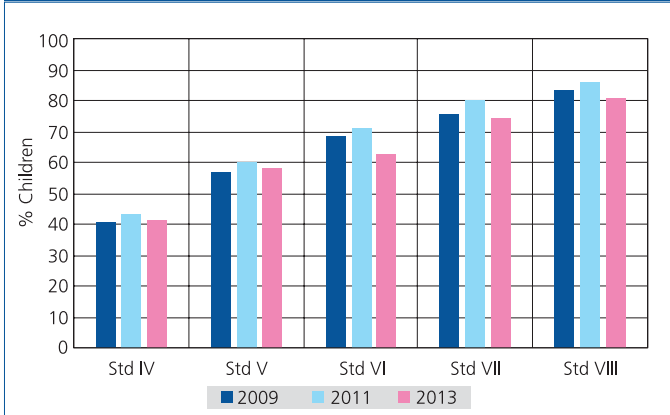
నేల బండి గారి  
 చీమ అర  
 పేరు గంట ఊడ  
 నూది ఒంటె

**Table 5: Trends over time**  
 % Children in Std III and V at different READING levels by school type 2009-2013

Year	% Children in Std III who can read at least Std I level text			% Children in Std V who can read Std II level text		
	Govt.	Pvt.	Govt. & Pvt.*	Govt.	Pvt.	Govt. & Pvt.*
2009	43.5	51.9	46.3	55.2	61.2	56.7
2010	40.8	64.6	49.9	57.0	66.7	60.3
2011	48.0	65.2	54.3	57.0	67.4	60.0
2012	46.7	51.5	48.6	59.9	58.6	59.5
2013	43.3	65.6	51.6	54.5	66.8	58.0

\* This is the weighted average of govt. and pvt. schools only.

**Chart 4: Trends over time**  
 % Children who can READ Std II level text by class  
 All schools 2009, 2011 and 2013



To interpret the chart alongside (Chart 4), several things need to be kept in mind:

The highest level in the ASER reading tool is the ability to read a Std II level text. ASER is a "floor" level test. All children (age 5 to 16) are assessed using the same tool; grade-level tools are not used in ASER.

We can see that the proportion of children who can read at least Std II level text increases in successive standards. This is true for every year for which data is shown.

By Std VIII, when children have completed eight years of schooling, a high proportion of children are able to read the Std II level text. It is possible that many children in Std VIII are reading at higher levels, but ASER reading tests do not assess higher than Std II level.

This chart allows us to compare proportions of children reading at least Std II level texts in different standards across years. For example, see Std V in 2009, 2011 and 2013.

Data has not been presented where sample size was insufficient.

## Arithmetic

**Table 6: % Children by class and ARITHMETIC level**  
All schools 2013

Std	Not even 1-9	Recognize numbers		Can subtract	Can divide	Total
		1-9	10-99			
I	28.4	31.2	35.5	3.7	1.2	100
II	7.3	18.0	56.0	16.1	2.7	100
III	2.1	8.6	51.2	32.9	5.2	100
IV	1.4	4.2	34.1	43.5	16.8	100
V	0.8	2.3	23.2	37.0	36.7	100
VI	0.5	2.1	19.8	33.8	43.8	100
VII	0.4	0.8	16.0	29.1	53.7	100
VIII	0.4	0.6	13.0	27.7	58.4	100
Total	5.3	8.7	31.8	28.2	26.0	100

How to read this table: Each cell shows the highest level in arithmetic achieved by a child. For example, in Std III, 2.1% children cannot even recognize numbers 1-9, 8.6% can recognize numbers up to 9 but not more, 51.2% can recognize numbers up to 99 but cannot do subtraction, 32.9% can do subtraction but cannot do division, and 5.2% can do division. For each class, the total of all these exclusive categories is 100%.

## Math Tool

సంఖ్య గుర్తించండి 1 - 9	సంఖ్య గుర్తించండి 11 - 99	ఘనీకరణ	భాగాభాసము
3 7	65 38	51 67 - 35 - 48	7) 918 (
1 4	92 23	84 73 - 49 - 36	6) 769 (
8 9	47 72	56 31 - 37 - 13	8) 987 (
5 2	56 87	45 43 - 18 - 24	4) 513 (

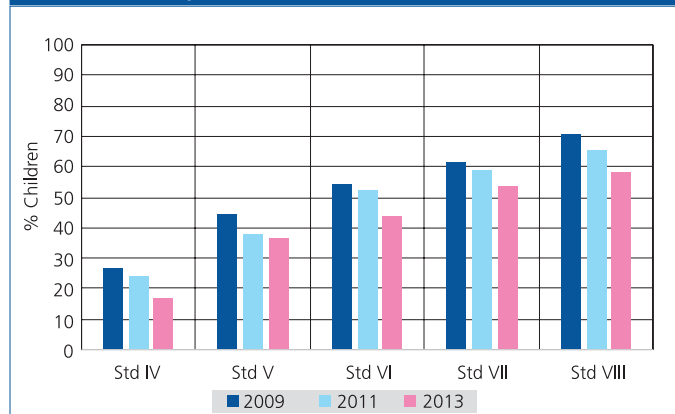
5 సంఖ్యలలో 4 సంఖ్యలను గుర్తించు 5 సంఖ్యలలో 4 సంఖ్యలను గుర్తించు 2 భాగాభాస సంఖ్యలను చేయాలి ఒక భాగాభాస సంఖ్య చేయాలి

**Table 7: Trends over time**  
% Children in Std III and V who can do at least SUBTRACTION and DIVISION respectively by school type 2009-2013

Year	% Children in Std III who can do at least subtraction			% Children in Std V who can do division		
	Govt.	Pvt.	Govt. & Pvt.*	Govt.	Pvt.	Govt. & Pvt.*
2009	39.9	53.0	44.3	41.5	52.7	44.3
2010	34.8	58.5	44.0	36.1	48.9	40.5
2011	39.4	57.3	46.0	35.3	45.2	38.2
2012	42.2	62.6	50.4	37.0	50.4	41.2
2013	29.6	52.3	38.1	33.1	45.8	36.8

\* This is the weighted average of govt. and pvt. schools only.

**Chart 5: Trends over time**  
% Children who can do DIVISION by class  
All schools 2009, 2011 and 2013



To interpret the chart alongside (Chart 5), several things need to be kept in mind:

The highest level in the ASER arithmetic tool is the ability to do a numerical division problem (dividing a three digit number by a one digit number). In most states in India, children are expected to do such computations by Std III or Std IV. ASER does not assess children using grade-level tools.

We can see that the proportion of children who can do this level of division increases in successive standards. This is true for every year for which data is shown.

By Std VIII, when children have completed eight years of schooling, a substantial proportion of children are able to do division problems at this level. It is possible that some children are able to do operations at higher levels too, but ASER arithmetic tests do not assess higher than this level.

This chart allows us to compare proportions of children who can do division in different standards across years. For example, see Std V in 2009, 2011 and 2013.

# Andhra Pradesh RURAL

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## Type of school and paid additional tuition classes (tutoring)

The ASER survey recorded information about paid additional private tutoring by asking the following question: "Does the child take any paid tuition class currently?" Therefore the numbers given below do not include any unpaid supplemental help in learning that the child may have received.

**Table 8: Trends over time**  
 % Children attending PAID TUITION CLASSES by school type 2010-2013

% Children attending paid tuition classes in Std I-V	2010	2011	2012	2013
Govt. schools	13.5	15.7	11.0	9.5
Pvt. schools	26.1	26.2	22.8	17.9
All schools	18.5	19.7	15.6	12.6
% Children attending paid tuition classes in Std VI-VIII	2010	2011	2012	2013
Govt. schools	14.5	12.4	9.8	10.9
Pvt. schools	27.0	28.6	24.0	16.7
All schools	18.0	16.9	13.9	12.4



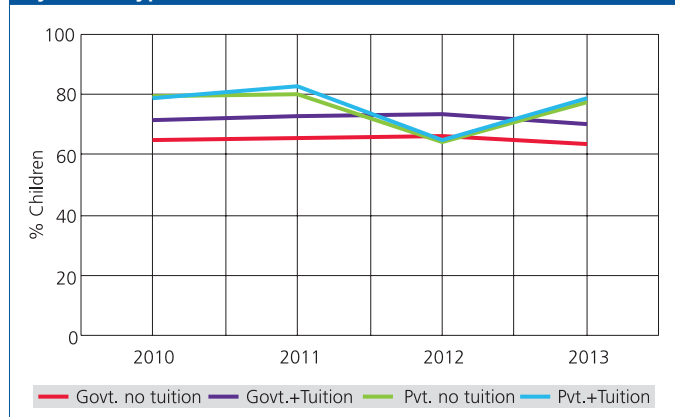
**Table 9: Trends over time**  
 % Children by school type and TUITION 2010-2013

	Category	2010	2011	2012	2013
Std I-V	Govt. no tuition	52.2	52.3	54.2	57.0
	Govt. + Tuition	8.2	9.7	6.7	6.0
	Pvt. no tuition	29.3	28.1	30.2	30.4
	Pvt. + Tuition	10.3	10.0	8.9	6.6
	Total	100	100	100	100
Std VI-VIII	Govt. no tuition	61.7	63.7	64.5	65.2
	Govt. + Tuition	10.5	9.1	7.0	7.9
	Pvt. no tuition	20.3	19.5	21.6	22.4
	Pvt. + Tuition	7.5	7.8	6.8	4.5
	Total	100	100	100	100

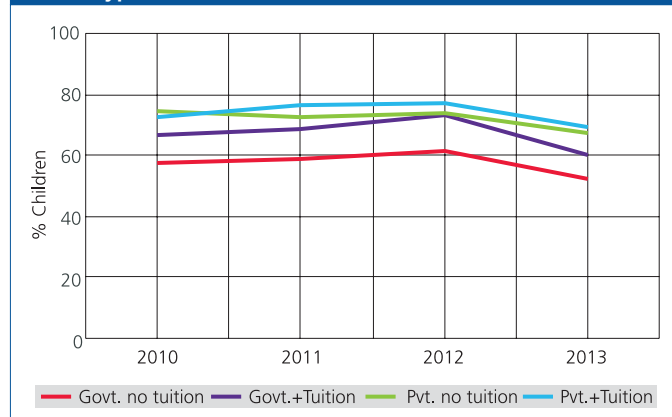
**Table 10: TUITION EXPENDITURES by school type in rupees per month 2013**

	Type of school	% Children in different tuition expenditure categories				Total
		Rs 100 or less	Rs 101-200	Rs 201-300	Rs 301 or more	
Std I-V	Govt.	96.3	2.9	0.0	0.8	100
Std I-V	Pvt.	70.0	23.2	3.4	3.5	100
Std VI-VIII	Govt.	87.7	10.8	1.0	0.6	100
Std VI-VIII	Pvt.	44.3	41.2	5.4	9.1	100

**Chart 6: Trends over time**  
 % Children in Std III-V who can READ at least Std I level text by school type and TUITION 2010-2013



**Chart 7: Trends over time**  
 % Children in Std III-V who can do at least SUBTRACTION by school type and TUITION 2010-2013



# Andhra Pradesh RURAL

ANALYSIS BASED ON DATA FROM GOVERNMENT SCHOOLS. 21 OUT OF 22 DISTRICTS  
 Data has not been presented where sample size was insufficient.

## School observations

In each sampled village, the largest government school with primary sections is visited on the day of the survey. Information about schools in this report is based on these visits.

**Table 11: Number of schools visited 2010-2013**

Type of school	2010	2011	2012	2013
Std I-IV/V: Primary	475	510	523	482
Std I-VII/VIII: Primary + Upper primary	157	132	126	134
Total schools visited	632	642	649	616

**Table 12: Student and teacher attendance on the day of visit 2010-2013**

Type of school	Std I-IV/V				Std I-VII/VIII			
	2010	2011	2012	2013	2010	2011	2012	2013
% Enrolled children present (Average)	72.4	75.2	75.5	75.2	72.6	74.4	78.0	74.9
% Teachers present (Average)	83.0	85.5	84.8	87.1	82.7	77.0	79.6	80.9

**Table 13: Small schools and multigrade classes 2010-2013**

School characteristics	Std I-IV/V				Std I-VII/VIII			
	2010	2011	2012	2013	2010	2011	2012	2013
% Schools with total enrollment of 60 or less	30.1	34.3	31.4	31.6	12.2	10.1	9.6	13.5
% Schools where Std II children observed sitting with one or more other classes	62.9	63.6	62.6	65.3	55.6	48.8	55.4	71.4
% Schools where Std IV children observed sitting with one or more other classes	53.9	58.7	57.2	58.6	48.7	44.1	43.6	60.6

## RTE indicators

The Right of Children to Free and Compulsory Education (RTE) Act, 2009 specifies a series of norms and standards for a school. Data on selected measurable indicators of RTE are collected in ASER.

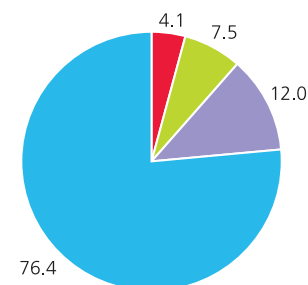
**Table 14: Schools meeting selected RTE norms 2010-2013**

% Schools meeting the following RTE norms:		2010	2011	2012	2013
PTR & CTR	Pupil-teacher ratio (PTR)	61.7	56.4	56.4	45.8
	Classroom-teacher ratio (CTR)	53.4	66.5	61.1	72.0
Building	Office/store/office cum store	64.5	70.5	61.6	64.5
	Playground	70.5	68.9	67.7	64.1
	Boundary wall/fencing	52.9	49.3	49.9	48.8
Drinking water	No facility for drinking water	22.8	23.1	18.7	17.7
	Facility but no drinking water available	12.4	16.2	15.0	17.2
	Drinking water available	64.8	60.8	66.3	65.1
	Total	100	100	100	100
Toilet	No toilet facility	23.4	24.6	15.6	18.8
	Facility but toilet not useable	38.1	42.0	36.8	26.1
	Toilet useable	38.6	33.4	47.7	55.1
	Total	100	100	100	100
Girls' toilet	No separate provision for girls' toilet	53.1	39.9	32.6	38.7
	Separate provision but locked	9.2	10.2	12.2	8.1
	Separate provision, unlocked but not useable	12.3	21.8	17.0	10.3
	Separate provision, unlocked and useable	25.4	28.1	38.2	43.0
	Total	100	100	100	100
Library	No library	8.0	5.4	5.3	3.8
	Library but no books being used by children on day of visit	14.4	20.8	20.3	23.4
	Library books being used by children on day of visit	77.6	73.9	74.4	72.8
	Total	100	100	100	100
Mid-day meal	Kitchen shed for cooking mid-day meal	67.0	62.8	62.8	66.6
	Mid-day meal served in school on day of visit	99.2	99.1	98.3	97.7



In each visited school, we asked a teacher/HM a few questions about Continuous & Comprehensive Evaluation (CCE).

**Chart 8: Continuous & Comprehensive Evaluation (CCE) in schools 2013**



- Had not heard about CCE
- Had heard about CCE but did not report receiving manuals/formats
- Had heard about CCE & reported receiving manuals/formats but could not show them
- Had heard about CCE & reported receiving manuals/formats and were able to show them